

IRFP23N50LPbF

SMPS MOSFET

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

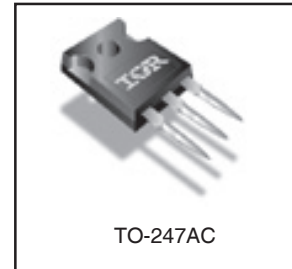
Applications

- Zero Voltage Switching SMPS
- Telecom and Server Power Supplies
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- Motor Control applications
- Lead-Free

Features and Benefits

- SuperFast body diode eliminates the need for external diodes in ZVS applications.
- Lower Gate charge results in simpler drive requirements.
- Enhanced dv/dt capabilities offer improved ruggedness.
- Higher Gate voltage threshold offers improved noise immunity.

V_{DSS}	$R_{DS(on)}$ typ.	T_{rr} typ.	I_D
500V	0.190Ω	170ns	23A



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	23	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	15	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	92	
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	Power Dissipation	370	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.9	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 30	V
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	14	V/ns
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 150	°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	

Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	23	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	92		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.5	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 14\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	170	250	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_F = 23\text{A}$
		—	220	330		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	560	840	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_S = 23\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ④
		—	980	1500		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$, $di/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ④
I_{RRM}	Reverse Recovery Current	—	7.6	11	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

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International
IR Rectifier

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	500	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.27	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	0.190	0.235	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 14A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	50	μA	$V_{DS} = 500V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	2.0	mA	$V_{DS} = 400V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 30V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS} = -30V$
R_G	Internal Gate Resistance	—	1.2	—	Ω	$f = 1\text{MHz}, \text{open drain}$

Dynamic @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
gfs	Forward Transconductance	12	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 14A$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	150	nC	$I_D = 23A$ $V_{DS} = 400V$ $V_{GS} = 10V, \text{See Fig. 7 \& 15 } \textcircled{4}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	44		
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	72		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	26	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 250V$ $I_D = 23A$ $R_G = 6.0\Omega$ $V_{GS} = 10V, \text{See Fig. 11a \& 11b } \textcircled{4}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	94	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	53	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	45	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	3600	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 25V$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}, \text{See Fig. 5}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 400V, f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 400V \textcircled{5}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	380	—		
C_{riss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	37	—		
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	4800	—		
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	100	—		
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	220	—		
$C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	—	160	—		

Avalanche Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	410	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	—	23	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	—	37	mJ

Thermal Resistance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	0.34	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	40	

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See Fig. 11).
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 1.5\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 23A$, $dv/dt = 14V/ns$. (See Figure 12).
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 23A$, $di/dt \leq 430A/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$.

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

⑤ $C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
 $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that stores the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

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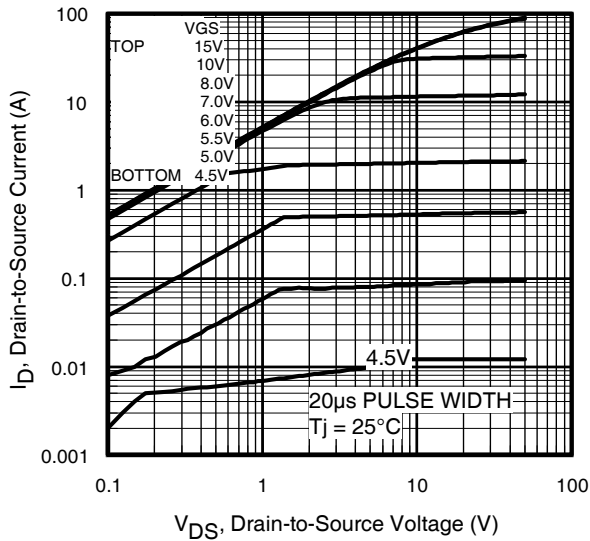


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

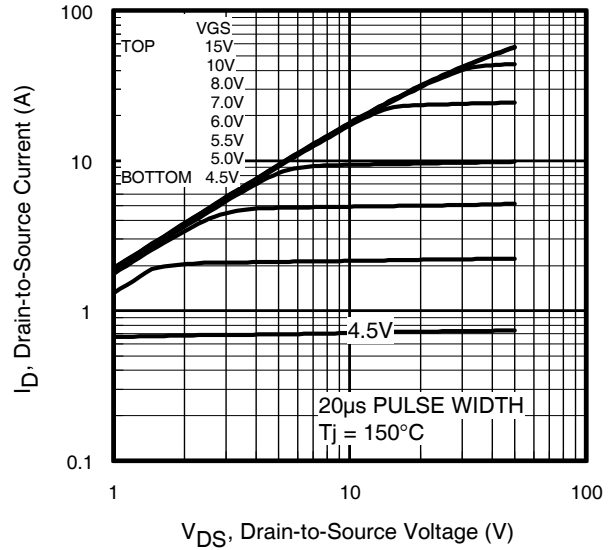


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

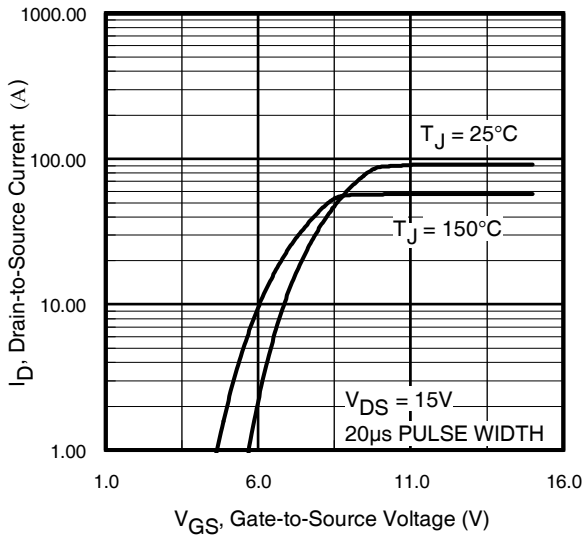


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

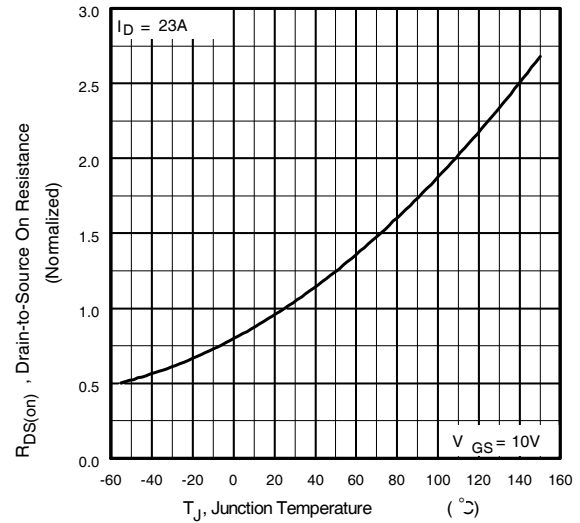


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

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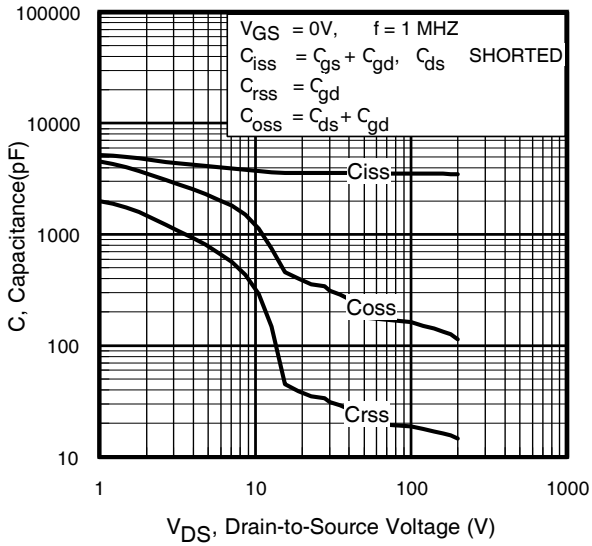


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

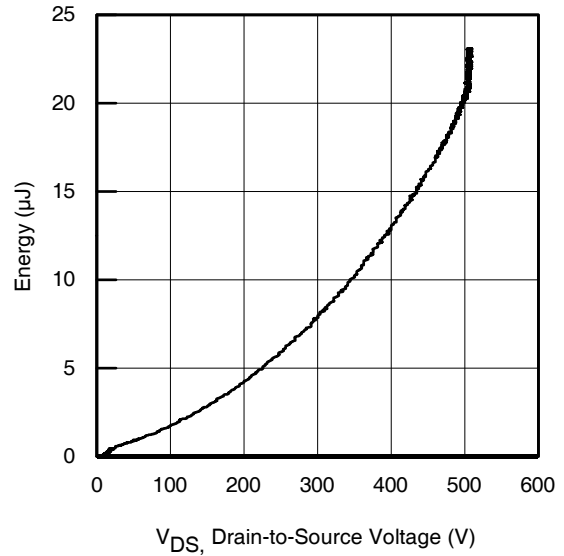


Fig 6. Typ. Output Capacitance Stored Energy vs. V_{DS}

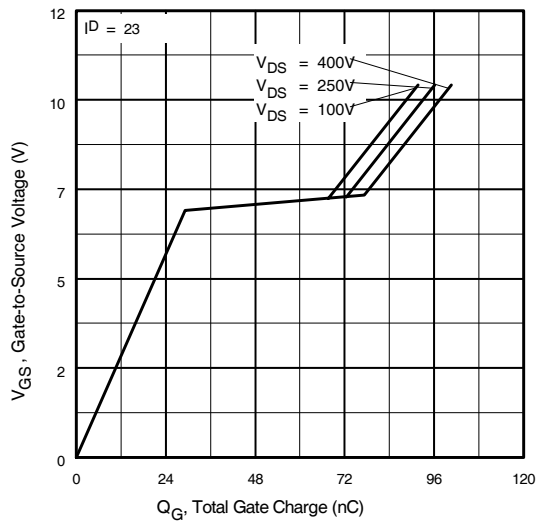


Fig 7. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

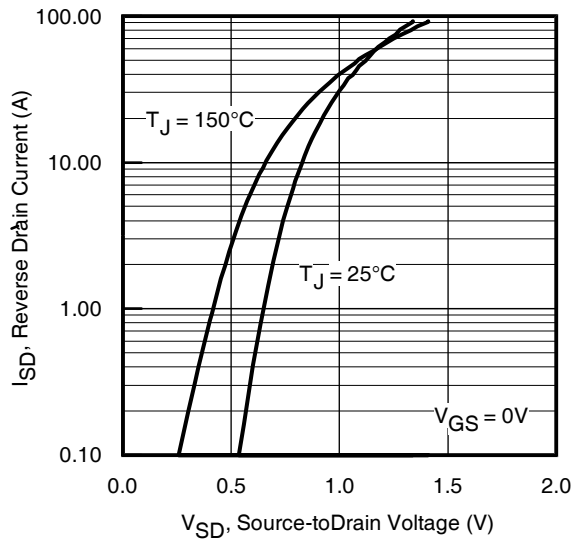


Fig 8. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

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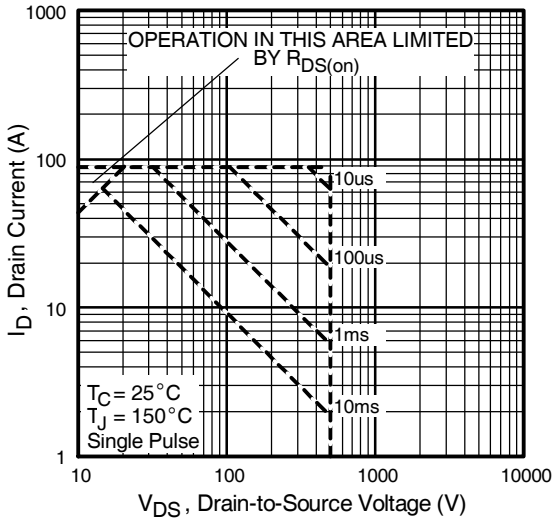


Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

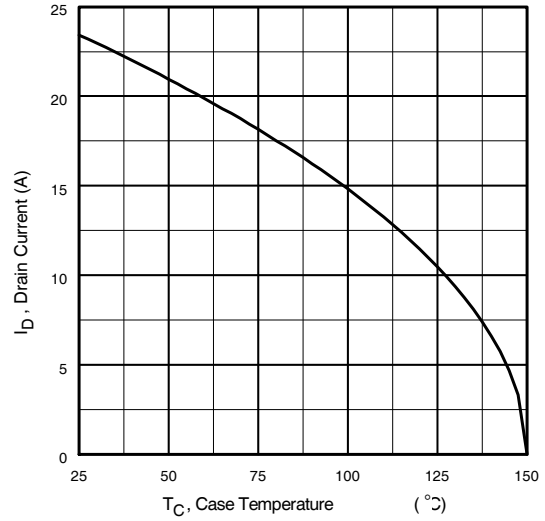


Fig 10. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

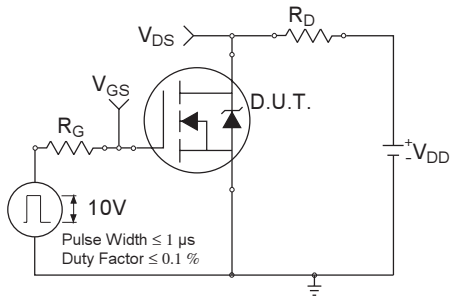


Fig 11a. Switching Time Test Circuit

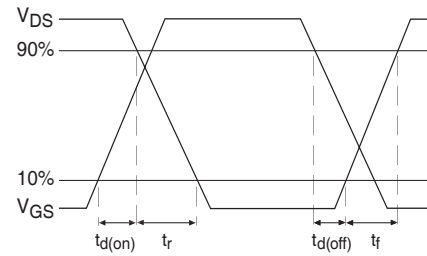


Fig 11b. Switching Time Waveforms

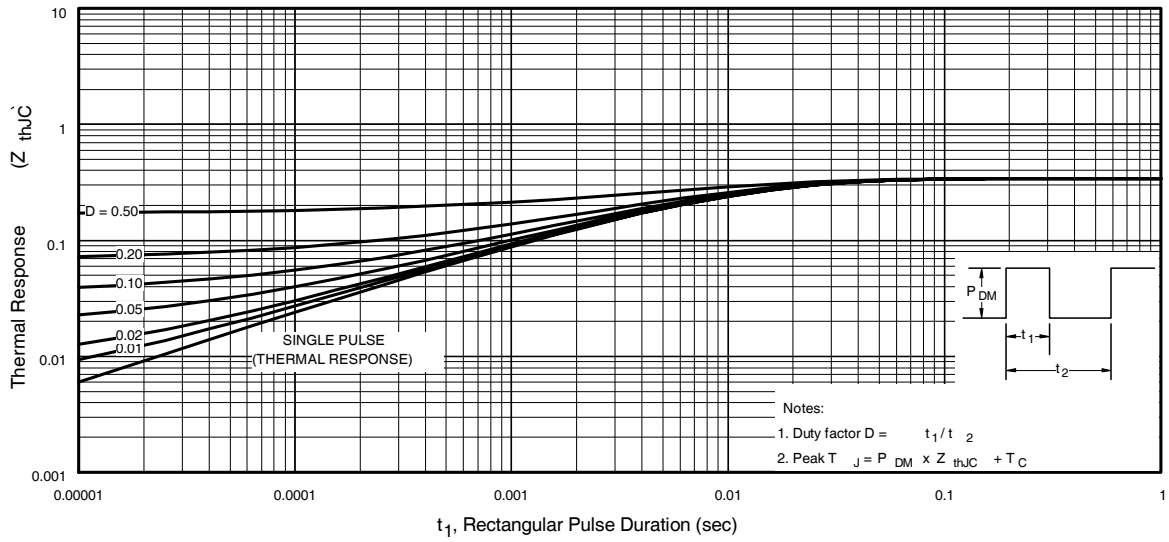


Fig 12. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

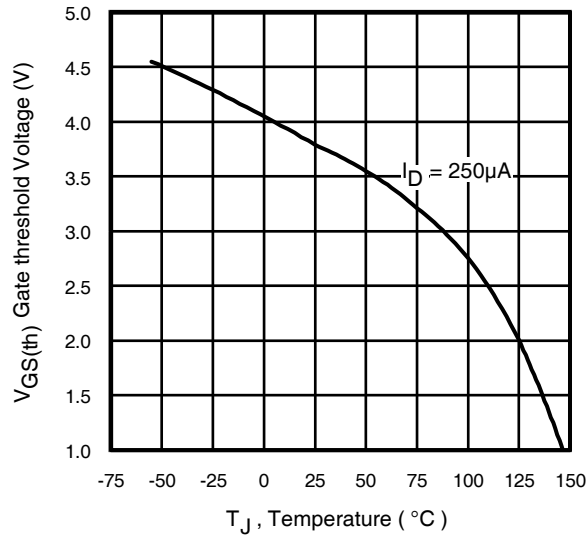


Fig 13. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

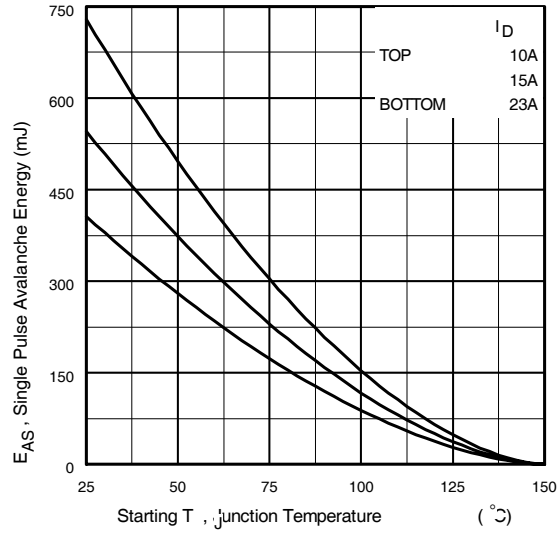


Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

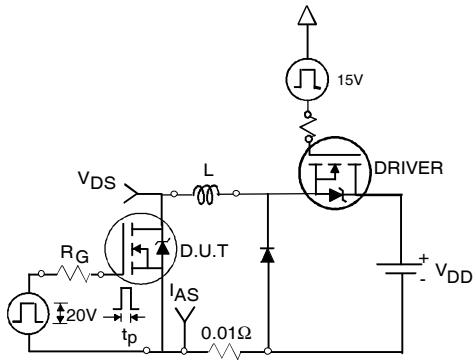


Fig 15a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

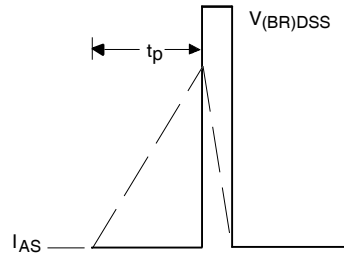


Fig 15b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

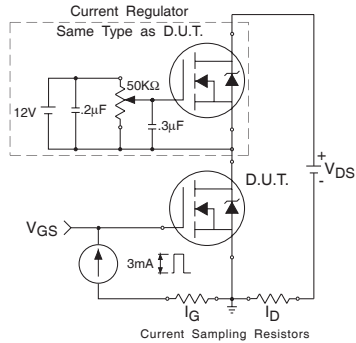


Fig 16a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

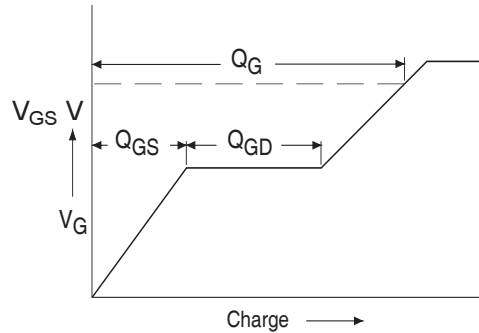
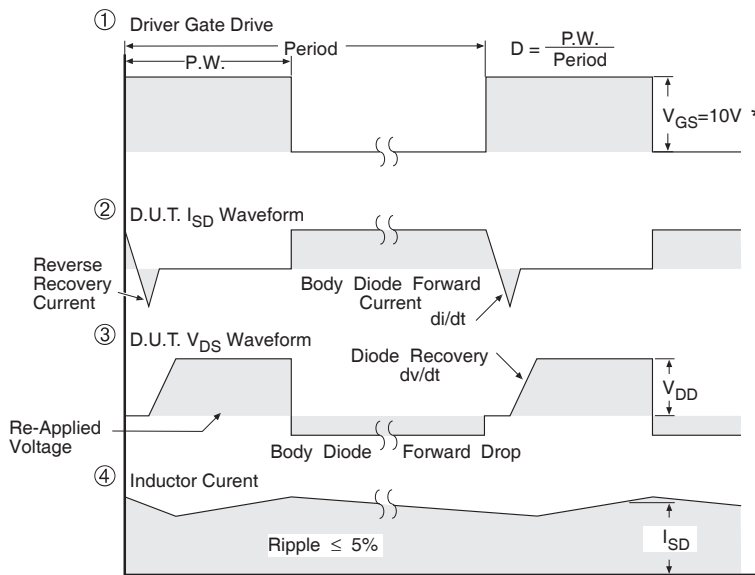
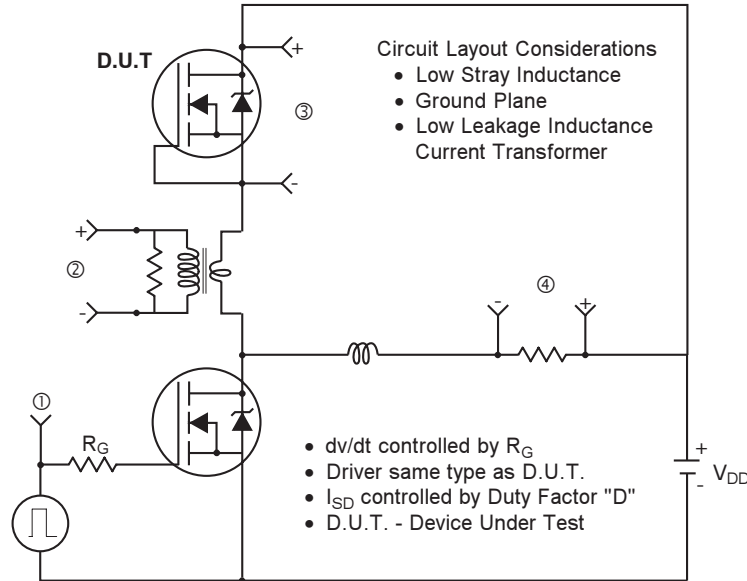


Fig 16b. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit

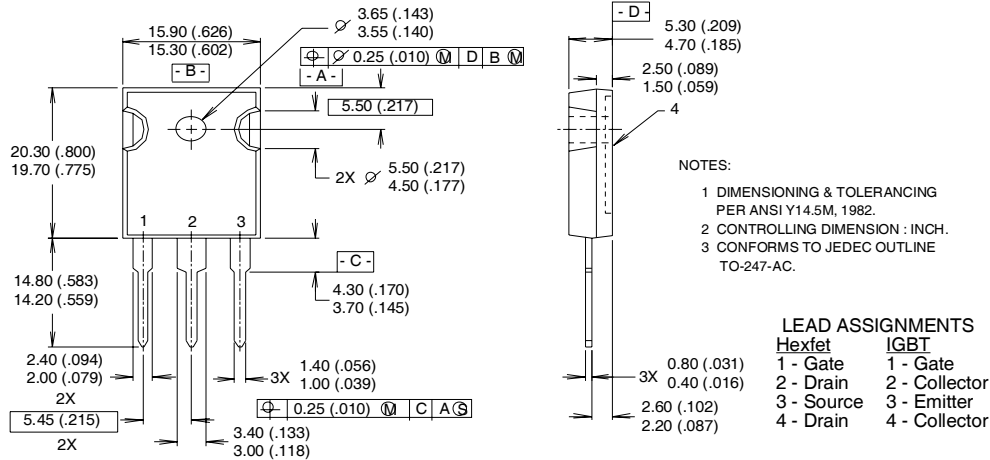


* $V_{GS} = 5V$ for Logic Level Devices

Fig 17. For N-Channel HEXFET[®] Power MOSFETs

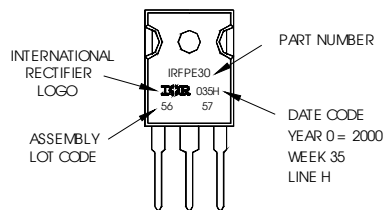
TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30
 WITH ASSEMBLY
 LOT CODE 5667
 ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"
Note: "P" in assembly line
 position indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
 This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.
 Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.